

HOW DOES *the* PRE-TRIAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING OF CHILDREN

work in Hungary?



Court

A prosecutor or judge may decide to release a child from prison on EM under

law enforcement supervision.

This generally means that children can only leave their homes at times determined by the Court.



Requests

Leaving home outside of the schedule must be

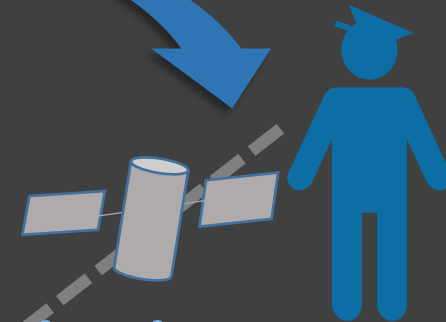
authorized by the Court.

If a child leaves the house without this, they risk going back to detention.

Communication

Both the child and the police

must receive the Court's decision before the daily schedule can be changed. The police cannot allow people to leave their homes without the Court's authorization.



Police

Police staff fit the tags. The devices use

GPS technology, which allows the police to track a person's movements

Monitoring

If a child leaves their home without permission, the system **alerts the monitoring center.**

Monitoring officers only contact children when they receive an alert.

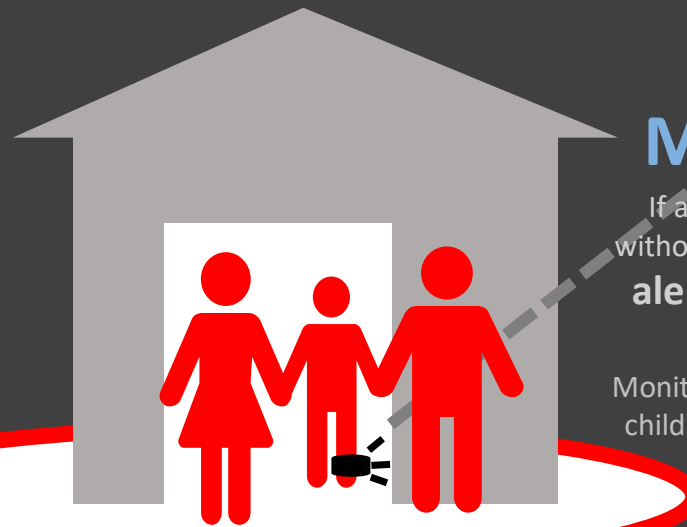
Visits

If a **violation alert** appears in the monitoring system, police officers will visit the child's address to investigate as soon as possible.

Detention

Every day a child spends on EM **will be counted as detention**

in the final sentence of the court.



Family

Parents and caregivers are the **main point of contact for the police.** They are often asked to remind children to charge devices.



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